#### Bureau of Indian Affairs, Interior

(b) Under paragraph (a) of this section, any of the following may apply for benefits on behalf of another person: relatives, interested individuals, social services agencies, law enforcement agencies, courts, or other persons or agencies.

### § 20.601 How can applications be submitted?

You can apply for financial assistance or social services under this part by:

- (a) Completing an application that you can get from your social services worker or tribe; or
- (b) Through an interview with a social services worker who will complete an application for you based on the oral interview.

## \$20.602 How does the Bureau verify eligibility for social services?

- (a) You, the applicant, are the primary source of information used to determine eligibility and need. If it is necessary to secure information such as medical records from other sources, you must authorize the release of information.
- (b) You must immediately report to your social services worker any changes in circumstances that may affect your eligibility or the amount of financial assistance that you receive.

## § 20.603 How is an application approved or denied?

- (a) Each application must be approved if the applicant meets the eligibility criteria in this part for the type of assistance requested and all recipients will be redetermined for eligibility every 6 months. Financial assistance will be made retroactive to the application date.
- (b) An application must be denied if the applicant does not meet the eligibility criteria in §\$20.300 through 20.516.
- (c) The social services worker must approve or deny an application within 30 days of the application date. The local social services worker must issue written notice of the approval or denial of each application within 45 days of the application date.
- (d) If for a good reason the social services worker cannot meet the dead-

line in paragraph (c) of this section, he or she must notify the applicant in writing of:

- (1) The reasons why the decision cannot be made: and
- (2) The deadline by which the social services worker will send the applicant a decision.

[65 FR 63159, Oct. 20, 2000; 65 FR 76563, Dec. 7, 2000]

# § 20.604 How is an applicant or recipient notified that benefits or services are denied or changed?

If the Bureau increases, decreases, suspends, or terminates financial assistance, the social services worker must mail or hand deliver to the applicant or recipient a written notice of the action. The notice must:

- (a) State the action taken, the effective date, and the reason(s) for the decision;
- (b) Inform the applicant or recipient of the right to request a hearing if dissatisfied with the decision;
- (c) Advise the applicant or recipient of the right to be represented by an authorized representative at no expense to the Bureau;
- (d) Include the address of the local Superintendent or his/her designated representative to whom the request for a hearing must be submitted;
- (e) Advise the applicant or recipient that failure to request a hearing within 20 days of the date of the notice will cause the decision to become final and not subject to appeal under 25 CFR part 2; and
- (f) Be delivered to the applicant 20 days in advance of the effective date of the action.

# § 20.605 What happens when an applicant or recipient appeals a decision under this subpart?

If you are an applicant or recipient and appeal a decision made under §20.604, you can continue to receive your assistance while your appeal is pending. For this to happen, you must submit your appeal by the deadline in §20.604(e).

## § 20.606 How is an incorrect payment adjusted or recovered?

(a) When an incorrect payment of financial assistance has been made to an

#### § 20.607

individual or family, a proper adjustment or recovery is required.

- (b) The proper adjustment or recovery is based upon individual need as appropriate to the circumstances that resulted in an incorrect payment.
- (c) Before adjustment or recovery, the recipient will be notified of the proposal to correct the payment and given an informal opportunity to resolve the matter.
- (d) If an informal resolution cannot be attained, the recipient must be given a written notice of decision and the procedures of §20.604 will apply.
- (e) If a hearing is requested, the hearing will be conducted in accordance with the procedures under  $\S\S\,20.700$  through 20.705.

#### § 20.607 What happens when applicants or recipients knowingly and willfully provide false or fraudulent information?

Applicants or recipients who knowingly and willfully provide false or fraudulent information are subject to prosecution under 18 U.S.C. §1001, which carries a fine of not more than \$10,000 or imprisonment for not more than 5 years, or both. The social services worker will prepare a written report detailing the information considered to be false and submit the report to the Superintendent or his/her designated representative for appropriate investigative action.

#### Subpart G—Hearings and Appeals

## § 20.700 Can an applicant or recipient appeal the decision of a Bureau official?

Yes, if you are an applicant or recipient, and are dissatisfied with a Bureau decision made under this part, you can request a hearing before the Superintendent or his/her designated representative. You must submit your request by the deadline in §20.604. The Superintendent or his/her designated representative can extend the deadline if you show good cause.

# § 20.701 Does a recipient receive financial assistance while an appeal is pending?

Yes, if you appeal under this subpart, financial assistance will be continued

or reinstated to insure there is no break in financial assistance until the Superintendent or his/her designated representative makes a decision. The Superintendent or his/her designated representative can adjust payments or recover overpayments to conform with his/her decision.

[65 FR 63159, Oct. 20, 2000; 65 FR 76563, Dec. 7, 2000]

## § 20.702 When is an appeal hearing scheduled?

The Superintendent or his/her designated representative must set a date for the hearing within 10 days of the date of request for a hearing and give written notice to the applicant or recipient.

## § 20.703 What must the written notice of hearing include?

The written notice of hearing must include:

- (a) The date, time and location of the hearing;
- (b) A statement of the facts and issues giving rise to the appeal;
- (c) The applicant's or recipient's right to be heard in person, or to be represented by an authorized representative at no expense to the Bureau:
- (d) The applicant or recipient's right to present both oral and written evidence during the hearing;
- (e) The applicant's or recipient's right to confront and cross-examine witnesses at the hearing;
- (f) The applicant's or recipient's right of one continuance of not more than 10 days with respect to the date of hearing; and
- (g) The applicant's or recipient's right to examine and copy, at a reasonable time before the hearing, his/her case record as it relates to the proposed action being contested.

# § 20.704 Who conducts the hearing or appeal of a Bureau decision or action and what is the process?

(a) The Superintendent or his/her designated representative conducts the hearing in an informal but orderly manner, records the hearing, and provides the applicant or recipient with a transcript of the hearing upon request.